1/24/06

## 1. Homework

Due: Tuesday 1/31/06 before class, or Excuse: Thursday 2/2/06 before class

## 1. Code snippets

Give the  $\Theta$ -runtime depending on **n** for the code snippet below. Justify your answer.

```
for(i=n; i>=1; i=i/2){
  for(j=1; j*j<=n; j++){
    print(''Algorithms rock. '');
  }
}</pre>
```

## 2. Big-Oh

Use the definition of O to prove the following: If  $f(n) \in O(g(n))$  and  $g(n) \in O(h(n))$  then  $f(n) \in O(h(n))$ .

## 3. Big-Oh ranking (12 points)

Rank the following functions by order of growth, i.e., find an arrangement  $f_1, f_2, ...$  of the functions satisfying  $f_1 \in O(f_2), f_2 \in O(f_3),...$ . Partition your list into equivalence classes such that f and g are in the same class if and only if  $f \in \Theta(g)$ . For every two functions  $f_i, f_j$  that are adjacent in your ordering, prove shortly why  $f_i \in O(f_j)$  holds. And if f and g are in the same class, prove that  $f \in \Theta(g)$ .

$$n^2$$
,  $n^3$ ,  $\log n$ ,  $2^n$ ,  $n \log n$ ,  $2^{n+1}$ ,  $3^n$ 

Bear in mind that in some cases it might be useful to show  $f(n) \in o(g(n))$ , since  $o(g(n)) \subset O(g(n))$ . If you try to show that  $f(n) \in o(g(n))$ , then it might be useful to apply the **Rule of l'Hôpital** which states that

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{f(n)}{g(n)} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{f'(n)}{g'(n)}$$

if the limits exist; where f'(n) and g'(n) are the derivatives of f and g, respectively.